

Mr. Cummings
Chpts. 2 – 6
7.2 – 7.4
Mid-Semester Review

Name: _____
Period: _____
World History
Date: _____

ROME (Standards 7.1.1 – 7.1.3)

1. Roman philosophy of _____ led to a strong sense of citizenship.
2. _____ became basis for several European languages (Spanish, Italian, French).
3. Roman _____, _____, and _____ influenced the creation of many modern structures.
4. Rome established a _____ gov't in which average citizens held great power.
5. By AD 117, the Roman Empire extended from _____ in the W to _____ in the E.
6. Establishment of _____ signaled the rise of _____ and the end of Rome's authority in the east.
7. Internal problems and barbarian _____ led to the fall of _____ in AD 476.

ISLAM (7.2.1 – 7.2.4)

8. The _____ is the primary climate region of the Arabian Peninsula.
9. _____ are people who move from place to place following food, water, and grazing land for their herds.
10. Early Arabs formed _____ to protect their families and create a sense of belonging.
11. _____ was an important trade & religious center in western Arabia.
12. Arabs are _____ and worship the Islamic god _____.
13. _____ spread Allah's teachings.
14. The _____ and _____ form the basis of Islamic law.

15. The _____ of _____ help Muslims to demonstrate their religion.

16. The Muslim Empire expanded due to religious _____ and strong leadership.

AFRICA (Standards 7.4.1 – 7.4.5)

17. The _____ is the largest desert in _____.

18. _____, _____ & _____ make up West Africa's vegetation zones.

19. Ghana's empire grew by trading _____ with the Bedouins for _____.

20. _____ expanded Ghana's empire and adopted _____ beliefs until it collapsed.

21. _____ and _____ formed the basis of the African family.

22. Africans felt a greater sense of loyalty to their _____ & _____ than their leader.

23. Many Africans specialized in specific types of _____ which made them very wealthy.

24. _____ with North Africa brought great _____ to West Africa.

25. Ghana kings converted to _____ but kept some parts of their _____ religion.

26. The Trans-Saharan trade brought _____ and the Arabic _____ to West Africa.

27. _____ became a major center for trade, _____, and learning.

28. _____ preserved African history through _____ and sharing stories about their past.